

Don Banfield, MEPAG Goals Committee Chair

Outline:

- 1. Re-familiarize ourselves with the MEPAG Goals Document.
- 2. How, when, and by whom is the Goals Document revised?
- 3. What revisions are under consideration now?
- 4. How can I ensure it includes what my community thinks is important?

NOTE ADDED BY JPL
WEBMASTER: This content has
not been approved or adopted by
NASA, JPL, or the California
Institute of Technology. This
document is being made available
for information purposes only, and
any views and opinions expressed
herein do not necessarily state or
reflect those of NASA, JPL, or the
California Institute of Technology.

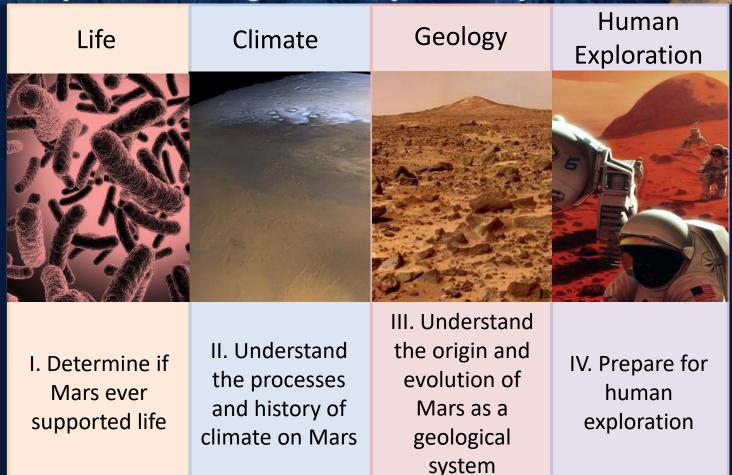
MEPAG Goals Document

- Outlines and prioritizes
 (within each Goal, not
 between Goals) "flight"
 measurements to achieve
 high priority Mars system
 science questions
- Periodically updated, in response to new discoveries and research directions (last was 2015) by Goals Representatives
- Model has served as basis of other AG Goals Documents

Objectives

Sub-Objectives

Investigations



Source:

MEPAG

2015

processes and

of Mars as a

Human

Source:

Exploration

MEPAG 2015

origin and evolution

	ever supported life.	 biosignatures contain evidence of past life. Determine if environments with high potential for current habitability and expression of biosignatures contain evidence of extant life.
Climate	II. Understand the	A. Characterize the state of the present climate of Mars' atmosphere and surrounding

configuration. history of climate on B. Characterize the history of Mars' climate in the recent past, and the underlying processes, under different orbital configurations. Mars. C. Characterize Mars' ancient climate and underlying processes. A. Document the geologic record preserved in the crust and interpret the processes that Geology III. Understand the

has evolved. C. Determine the manifestations of Mars' evolution as recorded by its moons. geological system. Human mission to Mars orbit with acceptable cost, risk, and performance. IV. Prepare for

have created that record.

Human mission to the Martian surface with acceptable cost, risk, and performance. Human Exploration. Human mission to the surface of Phobos or Deimos with acceptable cost, risk, and performance. D. Sustained human presence with acceptable cost, risk, and performance.

plasma environment, and the underlying processes, under the current orbital

B. Determine the structure, composition, and dynamics of the Martian interior and how it

I. Determine	if	Mars
ever support	ec	d life

A. Determine if environments having high potential for prior habitability and preservation of biosignatures contain evidence of past life.

- A1. Past habitable zones
- A2. Conditions that influenced preservation/ degradation, and identify regions of high preservation potential $\,$
- A3. Presence of biosignatures from prior ecosystems

- B. Determine if environments with high potential for current habitability and expression of biosignatures contain evidence of extant life.
- B1. Environments that are presently habitable
- B2. Conditions that affect the expression/degradation of extant life
- B3. Presence of biosignatures of an extant ecosystem

II. Understand the processes and history of climate on Mars

A. Characterize the state of the present climate of Mars' atmosphere and surrounding plasma environment, and the underlying processes.

- A1. Lower atmosphere aerosol profiles
- A2. Upper atmosphere dynamics/thermal structure
- A3. Present atmospheric composition
- A4. Volatiles/dust exchange with surface

B. Characterize the history of Mars' climate in the recent past, and the underlying processes, under different orbital configurations.

- B1. Recent past atmospheric composition
- B2. Preservation of recent climate change in polar region
- B3. Preservation of recent climate change in lowand mid-latitudes

C. Characterize Mars' ancient climate and underlying processes.

- C1. Ancient atmosphere composition
- C2. paleoclimate reconstruction
- C3. Volatile escape rates

III. Understand the origin and evolution of Mars as a geological system

A. Document the geologic record preserved in the crust and interpret the processes that have created that record.

- A1. Water, ice, volcanic geomorphologies
- A2. Geologic unit age dating
- A3. Climate change in geological record

B. Determine the structure, composition, and dynamics of the Martian interior and how it has evolved.

- B1. Mantle-crust interactions
- B2. Interior structure

C. Determine the manifestations of Mars' evolution as recorded by its moons.

D. Sustained human presence with

- C1. Phobos and Deimos geology
- C2. Impactor flux

performance.

A. Human mission to Mars orbit with acceptable cost, risk, and performance.

- A1. Aerocapture and aerobraking investigations
- A2. Orbital particulate environment

B. Human mission to the Martian surface with acceptable cost, risk, and performance.

- B1. Atmospheric dynamics EDL
- B2. Biohazard assessment
- B3. Identify special regions
- B4. ISRU tech demo
- B5. Identify landing-site hazards
- B6. Surface radiation and dust hazards
- B7. Impact of dust on hardware

C. Human mission to the surface of Phobos or Deimos with acceptable cost, risk, and performance.

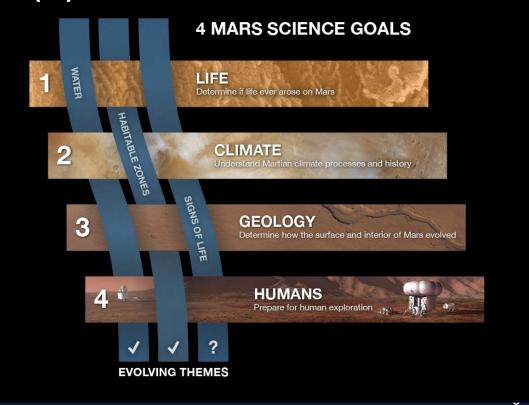
- C1. Phobos and Deimos science
 C2. Moon science
- D1. Extractable water resources

acceptable cost, risk, and

IV. Prepare for human exploration

MEPAG Goals Document (2)

- Attempts to also recognize cross-cutting within Goals (i.e., investigation contributes to more than one Objective/Goal) and between Goals (e.g., a science theme)
- High-priority science questions and strong mission concepts or research direction often are cross-cutting



How/when MEPAG Goals are revised

https://mepag.jpl.nasa.gov/reports.cfm?expand=science

- 2001, Chair R. Greeley
- 2004, Chair J. Taylor
- 2005, Chair J. Grant
- 2008, Chair J. Johnson
- 2010, Chair J. Johnson
- 2012 (published 2014), Chair V. Hamilton
- 2015, Chair V. Hamilton

Changes (and the reason) from the preceding Goals Doc are outlined in each.

How/when MEPAG Goals are revised (2)

- Usually prompted by a workshop/conference report, where a potential disconnect is identified
 - Could be a potential gap in the content or priorities
 - A new mission/measurement could appear to address an investigation
 - A new discovery could obviate an old question or create a new question/elevate an existing one
 - Etc.
- The potential disconnect may be noted by a MEPAG/MPO person attending the meeting, or by a portion of the community.

How/when MEPAG Goals are revised (3)

- When a sufficiently large potential disconnect is identified -- Relevant Goals Representatives are asked to look into this and generate, as they think is necessary, edits to the Goals Document
- Full MEPAG Goals committee may be enlisted to review proposed edits
- When ready, proposed edits are put to the community for comment (~few months)
- After considering/incorporating input, Goals Representatives finalize their edits and the MEPAG Executive Committee reviews
- The Updated Goals Document is published.
- (and the cycle begins again)

Goals Committee



Jen Stern NASA GSFC, Goal 1



Don Banfield, Goals Committee Chair, Cornell



Steve Ruff, ASU, Goal 3



Paul Withers,
Boston University, Goal 2



Goal 2

David Brain
Univ. Colorado, Boulder

Robin Wordsworth
Harvard University, Goal 2

Ryan Whitley, NASA JSC, Goal 4



Last (2015) MEPAG Goals Updates

- Prompted by 8th International Conference on Mars
 - July 2014 @ Caltech, Pasadena, CA
 - >650 attendees from 21 countries
 - https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/8thmars2014/
 - Based on program content and synthesis-focused discussion – re-evaluation of full Goals Document content and structure

Upcoming MEPAG Goals Update

- Currently in process: Polar Science and present-day activity
 - Prompted by 6th International Mars Polar Science and Exploration Conference
 - https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/marspolar2016/
 - Generated summary report, outlining Polar Science priorities
 - Continued discussion within that community (and with aeolian community as have some overlapping "present-day activity" interests
 - MEPAG ExComm requested Goals Committee look into these areas
 - Initial report from Polar Science representatives was delivered late June 2017, with iterative discussion with Goal II and III Representatives since
 - Goals III representatives have just finished evaluating proposed changes, and Goal
 II representatives likely need about 1 more month. New draft expected to be
 released in June 2018.
 - Proposed edits will be available for community comment will be announced via a MEPAG email with 1 month for public comment.
 WHICH WE WANT!

Human

Source:

Exploration

MEPAG 2015

Life	I. Determine if Mars ever supported life.	 Determine if environments having high potential for prior habitability and preservation of biosignatures contain evidence of past life Determine if environments with high potential for current habitability and expression of biosignatures contain evidence of extant life
Climate	II. Understand the	A. Characterize the state of the present climate of Mars' atmosphere and surrounding

processes and
history of climate on
Mars.

plasma environment, and the underlying processes, under the current orbital
configuration

B. Characterize the history of Mars' climate in the recent past, and the underlying
processes, under different orbital configurations
C. Characterize Mars' ancient climate and underlying processes

A. Document the geologic record preserved in the crust and interpret the processes that

origin and evolution of Mars as a geological system.

have created that record

Determine the structure, composition, and dynamics of the Martian interior and how it has evolved

C. Determine the manifestations of Mars' evolution as recorded by its moons

IV. Prepare for
 Human mission to Mars orbit with acceptable cost, risk, and performance
 Human mission to the Martian surface with acceptable cost, risk, and performance
 Human mission to the surface of Phobos or Deimos with acceptable cost, risk, and performance
 Sustained human presence with acceptable cost, risk, and performance

IVIGILA	Exploration 1	ogram Anarysis Group (METAG)
Life	I. Determine if Mars	
	ever supported life.	

Climate II. Understand the

A. Characterize the state of the present climate of Mars' atmosphere and surrounding plasma environment, and the underlying processes, under the current orbital configuration.

processes and history of climate on Mars.

B. Characterize the history of Mars' climate in the recent past, and the underlying processes, under different orbital configurations.

Geology III. Understand the origin and evolution

A. Document the geologic record preserved in the crust and interpret INVESTIGATE the processes that have created AND MODIFIED that record.

of Mars as a geological system.

IV. Prepare for Human Exploration.

Human

Exploration

Source:

MEPAG 2015

Goal	Objective	Sub-Objective	Investigation
II. Understand the processes and history of climate on Mars	A. Characterize the state of the present climate of Mars' atmosphere and surrounding plasma environment, and the underlying processes, under the current orbital configuration	A1. Constrain the processes that control the present distributions of dust, water, and carbon dioxide in the lower atmosphere, at daily, seasonal and multi-annual timescales.	2. Characterize dust AND OTHER AEROSOLS , water vapor AND CARBON DIOXIDE and THEIR clouds in the lower atmosphere.
		A4. Constrain the processes by which volatiles and dust exchange between the surface and atmospheric reservoirs.	1. Measure CHARACTERIZE the turbulent fluxes AND SOURCES of dust and volatiles between surface and atmospheric reservoirs.
			2. Determine how the exchange of PROCESSES EXCHANGING volatiles and dust between surface and atmospheric reservoirs has HAVE affected the present HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL distribution of surface and subsurface water and CO ₂ ice.
			3. Determine how the exchange of volatiles and dust between surface and atmospheric reservoirs has affected the Polar Layered Deposits (PLD). DETERMINE THE ENERGY AND MASS BALANCE OF THE SURFACE VOLATILE RESERVOIR OVER RELEVANT TIMESCALES, AND CHARACTERIZE THEIR FLUXES.

Goal	Objective	Sub-Objective	Investigation
II. Understand the processes and history of climate on Mars	B. Characterize the history of Mars' climate in the recent past, and the underlying processes, under different orbital configurations.	B1. Determine how the chemical composition and mass of the atmosphere has changed in the recent past.	2. DETERMINE HOW AND WHEN THE BURIED CO2 ICE RESERVOIRS AT THE SOUTH POLE FORMED.
		B2. Determine the CLIMATE record of the recent past that is expressed in geological, GLACIOLOGICAL , and mineralogical features of the polar regions.	1. Map the ice and dust layers of the PLD and determine the absolute ages of the layers. DETERMINE THE VERTICAL AND HORIZONTAL VARIATIONS OF COMPOSITION AND PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF THE MATERIALS FORMING THE POLAR LAYERED DEPOSITS.
			2. DETERMINE THE ABSOLUTE AGES OF THE LAYERS OF THE POLAR LAYERED DEPOSITS
			2. Obtain compositional and isotopic measurement of gases trapped within the PLD. 3. DETERMINE WHICH ATMOSPHERIC AND SURFACE PROCESSES ARE RECORDED DURING LAYER FORMATION. (NOTE, WAS B2.2, NOW B2.3)
			4. CONSTRAIN MARS' POLAR AND GLOBAL CLIMATE HISTORY BY CHARACTERIZING AND INTERPRETING THE RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN ORBITALLY-FORCED CLIMATE PARAMETERS AND THE LAYER PROPERTIES OF THE POLAR LAYERED DEPOSITS.

Goal	Objective	Sub-Objective	Investigation
II. Understand the processes and history of climate on Mars.	B. Characterize the history of Mars' climate in the recent past, and the underlying processes, under different orbital configurations.	B3. Determine the record of the climate of the recent past that is expressed in geological and mineralogical features of low- and mid-latitudes.	1. Identify and map the location, age, and extent of glacial and peri-glacial features and quantify the depth to any remnant glacial ice. CHARACTERIZE THE LOCATIONS, COMPOSITION, AND STRUCTURE OF LOW AND MID-LATITUDE VOLATILE RESERVOIRS AT THE SURFACE AND NEAR-SURFACE.
			2. DETERMINE THE CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH THE LOW AND MID-LATITUDE VOLATILE RESERVOIRS ACCUMULATED AND PERSISTED UNTIL THE PRESENT DAY, AND ASCERTAIN THEIR RELATIVE AND ABSOLUTE AGES.

Goal	Objective	Sub-Objective	Investigation
III. Understand the origin and evolution of Mars as a geological system.	A. Document the geologic record preserved in the crust and interpret INVESTIGATE the processes that have created AND MODIFIED that record.	A1. Identify and characterize past and present geologic environments and processes relevant to the crust.	4. Identify FROST AND ice-related processes and characterize when and how they have modified the Martian surface.
			6. DETERMINE THE PROCESSES THAT CREATE DUST AND DISTRIBUTE IT AROUND TH PLANET, IDENTIFY ITS SOURCES, AND FULLY CHARACTERIZE ITS COMPOSITION AND PROPERTIES. (NOTE: FORMER A1.6->A1.7)
		A3. IDENTIFY AND CHARACTERIZE PROCESSES THAT ARE ACTIVELY SHAPING THE PRESENT-DAY SURFACE OF MARS. (NOTE: FORMER A3->A4)	1. IDENTIFY PRESENT-DAY CHANGES WITHIN THE ROCKY OR ICY SURFACES OF MARS, AND ESTIMATE PAST AND PRESENT RATES OF CHANGE.
			2. DETERMINE RELEVANT SURFACE AND ATMOSPHERIC ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND/OR PROCESSES THAT CAUSE OBSERVABLE SURFICIAL CHANGES OVER DIURNAL, SEASONAL, AND MULTI-ANNUAL TIMESCALES.
			3. EXTEND THE EVOLVING KNOWLEDGE OF ACTIVE SURFACE PROCESSES TO OTHER LOCATIONS ON THE PLANET AND BACKWARD IN TIME.

Next major MEPAG Goals Updates

- Will be informed by 9th International Conference on Mars
 - July 22-26, 2019 @ Caltech, Pasadena, CA
 - https://www.hou.usra.edu/meetings/ninthmars2019/
 - Likely to again involve synthesis-focused discussion
- Revisions will occur in following ~6 months (then allowing for a few months for community review)
- This is the MEPAG Goals Document that will be given to the next Planetary Science Decadal Survey committee (when they kick off in Spring 2020)

How to join the Goals Committee?

- Last year we asked for Committee volunteers so please keep an eye out for future calls
- (And if you see one, please err towards selfnomination ... even if not selected this round for the Goals Committee, such lists of interested individuals are also consulted for other MPO/MEPAG activities, such as SAGs)